

THE LAW

**Law Day Celebrated in the
Superior Courts.**

C.H. BOYCE SUDDENLY TURNS U

**After Having Jumped His Bail—The
San Pedro Kidnappers—A Ver-
dict of \$1 in a Dam-
age Suit.**

Yesterday was law day in the Su

Before Judge Cheney Toy Sing was again on trial. The defendant is accused of using a knife on a Moroccan at the Chinese theater last January. A number of witnesses were examined, and a stubborn defense is being made.

The San Pedro kidnappers were brought before Judge Cheney this morning. They have had considerable of a siege awaiting the final disposition of their cases. Their arraignment was again postponed until July 23.

Charles Boyce, whose bond was forfeited several days ago, returned yesterday and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of embezzlement. His trial was set for July 14th.

GIBSON VS. FISHER

Judge Wade yesterday decided the case of William Gibson vs. C. Fisher, in favor of the plaintiff, fixing the damages at \$1. The suit was brought by the plaintiff to recover \$1,000 damages. He alleged that he purchased

s
 is
 A.
 e
 d
 n
 e
 re
 n
 le
 e.
 w
 is

 M

 ce

 ns

and shoe business, on the agreement that Fisher would not enter into the same business. Fisher, a partner in the ship was entered into, however, by the defendant, and their business was of a short distance away from the coast. After some time the company was dissolved, but about proved much for Mr. Gibson, and he brought suit for damages.

Judge Wade, in his decision, said that there was no mention in the agreement of the value of the good will of Mr. Fisher's business, and he estimated that had there been a definite amount fixed the damages would have been arranged accordingly.

A \$10,000 SUIT.

A suit was begun yesterday which will bring to light some of the means employed to secure evidence. The suit is Solomon E. Bright against the Pacific Railway E. Bright, under the name of the cable company. He sues for \$10,000, alleging false imprisonment. The plaintiff was an employee

of
ne
on-
nd-
in-
ne
ok
sus
nd
es.
ave
sus
ur-

him into the barn, where Joe Chasman and his brothers officiated as foremen. The latter has been charged with carrying on the private business of the owner in connection with the sale of horse manure by the company. The matter was placed in the hands of a detective agency and in carrying out their investigation they conceived the idea that the horses were being sold at a loss. He was taken in charge by the detectives and brought to the District attorney's office, where he was kept so little time. He was finally released and told to knock over his trousers and admit that he has brought suit for damages, as stated. Messrs. Finlinson & Finlayson are his attorneys.

HANCOCK BANNING RECOVERS \$200.
Judgment was rendered yesterday by Judge Wade in the case of Hancock Banning against the Los Angeles and Salt Lake Cattle Co., for \$200 and costs.

SIXTH OF JULY, BLOCK 4, ORDINARY
This property is 120 feet on Spruce street, north of the Los Angeles

the
or
and
ght.
ed.
ect
ess
s it
the
ity,
nar
s. in
s in
ity
and
and
and

case was published in *The Times* when the petition was filed in action. Much interest has been manifested in the case, and the brothers claimed each one-sixth of the \$150,000 worth of property in the hands of the city that had been occupied and improved by the parties in possession for many years.

This property was deeded in 1862 to Juan Temple to Rebecca Banning, mother of the Banning brothers, as they claimed title by inheritance. Mr. Temple died in 1887.

The Court held that the brothers inherited each one-sixth of the lot, and that the title was divided equally, but gave judgment to Hancock Banning only, for his one-sixth; the claim of the other two brothers being barred by the statute of limitations.

The many friends of Hancock congratulated him on his success. Hancock himself appreciated it, and could not speak in too high terms of the aid, advice and assistance conducted the case to a successful issue.

The Banning brothers were requested to appear at the Court on the 10th

ice
is-
Orr
wo
ted
lay
up
che
the
was
on.
in,
us-
Orr
ner
ear

consideration. Before doing this they took the precaution to have the title examined by E. W. Sargent, the firm of Sargent & Harpman, attorneys at law, who are well known to the city.

The examination was made in a summary way, and the result was that an opinion given that the Brown brothers held one-half of the lot, and that Hancock could recover one-sixth, and that the right of the city to recover was doubtful. The judgment of the court sustained the advice.

The case was defended by Judge Brunson, Judge Hutton and J. G. Smith as counsel.

The action was prosecuted by Sargent & Harpman and Col. George Smith as counsel.

NOTES.

Jennie Payton and Myrtle Madril will be arraigned before Judge Chester May 22d on the charge of larceny.

An information was filed yesterday against Charles Brown, charging him with larceny.

a
to
the
the
val

act
os-

an
the

tra

a
\$5
ial,
ice
ad
The
who

take place on the 22d.

Len Yuen, who was charged with being an abettor in the Chinatown robbery of several years ago, was there before Justice Savage yesterday. There was some additional testimony taken, the principal part of the examination having taken place last week. The evidence was sufficient to convict the defendant with the crime, and was accordingly discharged.

Judge Ross, in the United States Circuit Court, yesterday rendered a decision in the case of Kahn against Well. The case involved the title to 30,000 acres of land in the Rancho Tio Antonio in Santa Barbara county. The decision was in favor of the defendant.

A decision was rendered by Judge Ross yesterday in the United States Circuit Court in the case of Thorne against the City of Los Angeles. The suit was for a writ of ejectment and was decided in favor of the plaintiff, damages of \$1875 being awarded to the plaintiff.

ney
and
half
th,"
; I
uch
who
ddi-
ce,
7th
ore
the
oc-
with
long
th-

HUNTINGTON'S PARTY.

A Flying Visit to San Pedro Harbor, AND A DRIVE ABOUT THE CITY

Pleasant Receptions at the City Hall and at the Chamber of Commerce—A Disagreeable Episode.

President Huntington and party, who remained over night at Santa Monica Sunday, left that place at 6 o'clock yesterday morning and reached the city at 10 o'clock. They were met by J. P. Widney, Col. Hewitt, Supt. Muir and Assistant General Agent Crowley and the special left at once for

SAN PEDRO. The party remained there about an hour and looked over the harbor. Mr. Huntington soon convinced Dr. Widney, who acted as spokesman and general adviser for the Chamber of Commerce, that he is well posted on the harbor and its importance to both the railroad company and Southern California. Mr. Huntington during his visit here two years ago made a thorough investigation of the harbor, and since that time he has examined all the surveys, and has insisted from time to time that the matter of appropriations be pushed in Congress by the representatives from California. It is understood that he and Mr. Stanford had more than one quarrel about this same harbor, but every time Mr. Stanford wriggled out of the hole by saying that he was successfully opposed by Senators Jones of Nevada and Duff of Oregon, who have been fighting for Redondo Beach. Mr. Duff and the Redondo Beach people are the best friends of Mr. Stanford and Mr. Stanford has entered into some kind of combination, so the story goes. This excuse of Mr. Stanford's may have gone down with the present president of the Southern Pacific, but it is more than probable that he has had an idea that the heavy-weight Senator was working all the time for his pet harbor in Oakland, and neglecting San Pedro.

MR. HUNTINGTON TALKS. To a TIMES reporter Mr. Huntington said: "San Pedro is the only proper place down here for a deep-water harbor, but private citizens and corporations cannot improve it. The Government must do that, and I am anxious as any of the people in Los Angeles, to see it improved. Santa Monica and Redondo can never be anything more than roadsteads, but we will improve Santa Monica." First Vice-President Fred Crocker is of the same opinion regarding San Pedro. He holds that the harbor should be done at Santa Monica at once to hold the trade that is now going further south.

The party returned to this city at 10 o'clock, and were to have been driven over the city at once by the Chamber of Commerce committee, but for some reason there was

A HITCH IN THE PROGRAMME, and the committee did not show up until quite late. Mr. Muir secured carriages for the ladies of Mr. Huntington's family, and in company with Mr. Huntington's stepson, they were driven over the city.

At 10 o'clock the members of the committee which was to furnish the carriages had not shown up, and the railroad magnates were beginning to get impatient. The distinguished guests were then driven to

THE CITY HALL, and paid their respects to the Mayor and City Council.

The Council took a recess, and a general hand-shaking and some very low bowing was indulged in.

Mr. Huntington expressed himself as being highly pleased with the city hall building, and was surprised to see such a fine structure in Los Angeles.

At 10:35 the party were driven to the CHAMBER OF COMMERCE, and were shown through the exhibition hall.

In the reception room Dr. Widney called the party to order, and made quite a little speech, in which he set forth the needs of Southern California, and dwelt with some feeling on San Pedro harbor. The Doctor stated that he has been at work on this harbor during the past nineteen years, and he gave a brief history of the improvements already made.

In reply Mr. Huntington said: "You people expect me to be more anxious to see this country improved than I am, and I will be with you as far as in my power lies. You must remember, however, that you have but few people out here as compared to the population of the East, and people here are constantly clamoring for appropriations, and they overpower you before Congress. You must send men of brains and force—hard fighters—to Congress, if you expect to get anything. They have powerful opponents to contend with, and they must be able to hold their own. I look on this as the greatest country in the world, and I consider myself one of you from now on."

Col. Crocker endorsed the sentiments of Mr. Huntington, and assured the committee that he and his company will not neglect Southern California in the future.

The party then returned to the carriages and were driven

OVER THE HILLS, so that they might get a better view of the city. Mr. Huntington was astonished at the improvements that have been made in this city since he was here two years ago, and looks on this as one of the most prosperous cities of its size in the United States.

The morning passed off pleasantly with one exception, and that was caused by the presence of a United States deputy marshal, whose small frame bears a resemblance to the name of Tarbull. Little Mr. Tarbull has worn

A TIN BADGE on his miniature breast for at least three weeks, and the most important duty of his life was performed yesterday when he strutted up to Mr. Huntington with all the dignity of a Digger Indian, and in a voice that trembled with emotion informed him that he had a summons to serve on him. Mr. Huntington thanked him, and as he glanced at the title of the case he passed it to his attorney, and went on talking as if nothing had happened. The little officer's under lip fell, and he glided back a few feet and stood looking at the great rail-

road stock manipulator of Wall street in open-eyed astonishment, muttering to himself that he thought the gentleman would ask him to explain the case. It is the same old story, Col. Crocker out to him, and in the same important manner he served that gentleman.

The other railroad men present indulged in a few quiet jokes at the expense of the little officer, and he stole away, looking ashamed of himself.

IN A SHORT TALK with a TIMES representative, shortly before leaving for San Diego, Mr. Huntington showed very plainly that he is not at all pleased with the manner in which Mr. Stanford has conducted the business of the company in Southern California. His company got a foothold here twenty years ago, and should have had their pick, but through political jobbery and mismanagement they have lost many grand opportunities not only to benefit themselves but also the whole country. One or two instances will do to illustrate these blunders: Through bad management they threw away water-front rights at San Pedro, which they have had to recapture at a cost of from \$250,000 to \$500,000, and in the same manner they lost the first street property, which was snatched up by the Santa Fé Company, and they were compelled to locate their depot four blocks further out than where it should be.

THE SAME SHORT-SIGHTEDNESS crops out at various points, and Mr. Huntington blames politics for all of this trouble. When talking about politics he loses his temper and breaks out something after this fashion: "We are out of politics for good, and will now attend strictly to railroad-ing. I do not mean by that that our people shall not vote or that they shall keep away from political meetings or the polls on election day, but I want them to do nothing in regard to railroads, and I am afraid we will not be able to reach it this year. Next year we will complete the coast line to San Francisco. We have about one hundred and twenty-five miles to build, and it is through a rough country, but it will be a pleasant trip to the north as soon as the road is completed. We are quite friendly with the Santa Fé people. As they have a contract with us to haul their freight and passengers from Mojave to San Francisco, I don't see why they should extend the Atlantic and Pacific from Mojave to San Francisco, but they are evidently figuring on the railroad money as yet what we will do for San Diego. I am anxious to see the people of that city, and we will hear what they have to say. I have considerable business to do in the East, and I am rushing through as fast as possible, but I hope to be out here soon again, when I will have more time to get acquainted with your people."

OFF FOR SAN DIEGO. At 12 o'clock noon the party boarded its special train and were transferred to the Santa Fé depot. They met at that depot by a delegation of citizens from San Diego who came up on the noon train to escort the magnates down to the city of Bayclimate. They will leave San Diego this morning at 6 o'clock, and will come up to Riverside, where they will spend an hour or two. They will then go to Colton, and Mr. Huntington will either go direct east or he will come back to this city and spend tonight here. Col. Crocker and the rest of the party will go down the road a short distance and will then come back to this city.

THE LAW DEPARTMENT. Since Mr. Huntington was elected to the presidency of the company he has been stacking up things in several of the departments, among which is the law department. It will be remembered that Creed Haymond, who was general solicitor, when the quarrel between Senator Stanford and Mr. Huntington came up, resigned. He has been induced to come back, and although the political wire-pullers of the company have done all in their power to get him to run for the United States Senate, he has taken Mr. Huntington's advice and says he will not run under any consideration. It is believed by the knowing ones that this sudden change is favorable to Stephen M. White, for the company not only wants to see a good lawyer, but a man who will work for Southern California in the Senate. Mr. Huntington likes fighters, and he looks upon Mr. White as that kind of a man.

The law department in Southern California has also been changed. A. B. Hotchkiss has been appointed chief of counsel for Kern, Los Angeles, San Bernardino and San Diego counties, with headquarters in this city. Mr. Hotchkiss has been with the company on special cases for some years, and this is a big promotion.

Santa Monica, May 18.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] W. H. Broadhead, of Manchester, England, who came here to visit his brother, an orange-grower of Colton, is so charmed with Southern California that he is making an extended tour of the country.

Dr. C. Billings is paying Santa Monica a visit.

The visit of C. P. Huntington, president of the Southern Pacific, caused considerable gossip whether the visit would result to the benefit of Santa Monica.

Charles M. Moore, formerly master mechanic of the Los Angeles and Pacific Railroad, is stopping with friends upon the beach.

Each day adds to the list of summer visitors who have chosen this resort for their vacation.

Nick Brewer has developed into quite a wrestler, and will soon issue a challenge to all non-professionals of equal age and weight to wrestle with him for the benefit of the new athletic club about to be organized.

The Native Sons of California gave their weekly dance at the cañon Saturday evening. All tourists who stop over Saturday should see one of these unique country dances.

G. W. Farrington of Long Beach has moved his family here and become one of our business men.

Santa Monica has a special streak of patriotism at the present time, the city flying over public and private buildings will testify.

Company Election. Company F. N. G. C. held an election at its armory last night, with the following result: First Lieut. Oscar Ragland was elected captain, and Sergt. John B. Franklin was elected first lieutenant. Capt. Ragland is in the auditor's office of the Santa Fé, and promises to make a good officer.

A Janitor with a Bulldog. The janitor at the Bryson-Bonebrake block assaulted a man yesterday, who gave the name of J. C. King at the police station. Fifty dollars bail was put up for the janitor, and he will be arraigned this morning. He is the fellow who walks around the streets with a vicious bulldog at his heels.

EDUCATION.

The Board Receives Bids for Blackboards, AND EMPLOYS AN OVERSEER

To See That Bad Brick Do Not Go Into the New High School Building—Whaling Once More.

The Board of Education met in regular session last night at 7:30 o'clock, with President A. E. Pomeroy in the chair. The room was well decorated with blackboards, which showed that the blackboard fight was not over. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved.

The following persons applied for positions as janitors: C. A. Johnson, Mrs. Mary Perkins, W. H. Woodbine and Pilase Solillo. Referred to the Janitors Committee.

A communication was read from citizens on Eighth street, asking the board to join in a petition to grade that street from the west line of Grand avenue to the east line of Pearl street. Referred to the Building Committee.

The Chair then suggested that they take up the blackboard bids, but Messrs. Ellis and Gosper not being present the matter went over.

The Finance Committee recommended that the amount of \$1083.82 be paid. Warrants ordered drawn. The salaries of teachers were allowed for \$14,500.

Mr. Whaling renewed his old attack on the kindergarten schools, on the ground that they are not legal. He voted against all the bills for these schools, and made quite a long speech. The Committee on Sites and Buildings recommended that the planing of the Alpine-street school be changed. So ordered by vote of 7 to 1. The committee recommended that the grading on Eighth street, in front of the school building, be let to the lowest bidder.

The committee thought a mechanic should be employed to assist Mr. Muchmore in superintending the construction of the High School. Several of the members thought the architect should pay the salary of such man.

Mr. Whaling thought it would be immoral and illegal to employ such a man. He told them that if the architect and superintendent are to be charged with their duty, the board should discharge them both. He said that if these two men are robbing the city, the board should not pay an assistant \$4 a day to watch and report on their work.

The chairman of the Building Committee arose after Mr. Whaling had been called to order, and stated that he did not intend to bring charges against the architect and superintendent.

Mr. Whaling again got the floor, and insisted that the movers of the resolution be forced to give their reasons for asking that a special man be placed in charge of the building.

Mr. Muchmore came in at this moment, and was asked what he thought about putting an extra man in. He stated that when he and the architect are not the best of friends, and he did not care to be responsible as things are now conducted. Mr. Muchmore thought it would be a good idea, and the resolution giving Mr. Muchmore power to employ a man at \$4 a day was carried by a majority.

The board attempted to pass a resolution thanking Mr. Muchmore for his work, but that gentleman objected so strongly that the motion was withdrawn.

The blackboard bids were then opened and read, as follows: David Mulrain, \$1.20 per square yard; W. H. Morris, for \$1.80 per square yard; Charles H. Reed, agent for the Hayes Blackboard Company, for \$1.70 per square yard put up, and guarantee to last ten years; W. H. Morris, for \$1.80 per square yard; Bancroft Bros. & Co., for \$1.50 per square yard, and also another style for \$1.30, guaranteed; Geo. W. Slater, for 60 cents per square yard, and to guarantee for five years. Referred to the joint committee.

Bids for lot in the vicinity of Temple and Mart streets were opened as follows: John W. Wainman, \$1050 and \$1100; E. O. Hubbard, \$2000; George H. Hutchinson, \$1600; E. C. Burlingame, \$3000; J. W. Potts, \$1500, and two for \$2000 each. Referred to the Building Committee. Adjourned.

The joint committee will meet next Saturday to pass on the bids.

Special Request to Veterans. It is earnestly desired by the Supervisor of the Census that each and every veteran will make it a part of his duty, if he cannot be at home when the census enumerators make their visits in June, to leave a memorandum in the possession of some member of his household, covering all the points called for by the special schedule; that is, as to rank, company, regiment or vessel, date of enlistment, date of discharge, length of service, etc., for each organization in which he may have served.

A DOCTOR'S REBUKE. Immensely More Mischief than is Generally Suspected. Dr. King, the eminent medical writer, in a learned dissertation on our national complaint, constipation, says: "The great quantity of cathartic pills, etc., which are annually swallowed by the people of this country has been productive of immensely more mischief than is generally suspected. True, the pills unload the bowels, but in doing its action tends to diminish the tone of the intestine; so that, instead of removing the contents of the bowels, it leaves behind a more torpid condition."

Joy's Vegetable Sarsaparilla was designed to all such contingency as the doctor's argument anticipates, viz: Instead of being a powerful mineral purgative, it is a mild vegetable laxative, that, owing to its solvent and gentle stimulating properties, is as certain a relief in constipation that it has been given away to hundreds, not to be paid for unless it was of positive benefit. It replaces constipation almost immediately with a natural easy habit, and is so mild that, unlike drastic purgatives, it can be taken indefinitely with perfect freedom and safety.

LEA & PERRINS SAUCE. In consequence of imitations of LEA & PERRINS SAUCE, which are calculated to deceive the public, LEA & PERRINS beg to draw attention to the fact that each bottle of the Original and Genuine WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE bears their Signature thus—

For Sale in Bottles only (not in bulk), by Dealers in Saper throughout the World. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, NEW YORK.

THE ANNEX.

The Ladies Annex to the Chamber of Commerce met in regular session yesterday afternoon, with Mrs. Dr. Wilder in the chair and Mrs. Dr. McDonnell acting as secretary. The minutes of the last meeting were read and approved, and the following new members were elected: Mrs. H. C. McClure, Station B; Mrs. C. A. Loomis, Miss Mamie M. Loomis, Mrs. William F. Grosser, Miss Amelia Grosser, Mrs. E. H. Fontaine, Mrs. Ivan H. Rabin, Miss Lena Winton, Miss Rebecca Johnson, Mrs. Emma J. Fox, Miss Florence Johnson, Mrs. Dr. C. H. Carlisle, Station B; Mrs. M. A. Chapin, Edwin Munsey, C. P. Lyons and J. P. Simmons.

Before the meeting adjourned an offer from an ice cream stand to furnish the ladies with ice cream at the next meeting was accepted. The ladies present volunteered to bring cake, and at the close of the meeting they expect to have a high old time. As it will be necessary for all ladies who participate in the feast to wear annex badges, they are requested to call on Miss Longstreet, at the chamber, who will furnish them.

STURP OF FIGS. Combines the Juice of the Blue Figs of California, to laxative and nutritious, with the medicinal virtues of plants known to be most beneficial to the human system, forming the ONLY PERFECT REMEDY to act gently yet promptly on the bowels.

KIDNEYS, LIVER AND BOWELS. Cleanse the System Effectually, TO THAT—PURE BLOOD, REFRESHING SLEEP, HEALTH AND STRENGTH. Naturally follow. Every one is using it and all are delighted with it. Ask your druggist for SYRUP OF FIGS. Manufactured only by the CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N. Y.

Lines of City Business. Bakeries and Restaurants. VIENNA BAKERY AND LUNCH, 31 N. Spring. Books and Stationery. R. F. GARDNER, 111 N. Spring st. Book and Stationery, old books, children's books, etc., for sale.

Chicago Delicacy Store. MEATS, BURGERS, DOWNY, 288 & Spring st. Best home cooked food, cold meats, chicken, etc., for sale.

Chemists and Apothecaries. WARD & WARD, Chemists and Apothecaries, First St. and Main St.

Real Estate. BAKER, REAL ESTATE, 11-13 N. Spring st. Los Angeles Abstract Company. LEGAL DEPARTMENT, SARGENT & HARRIS, Abstractors, Office No. 11 Temple st. Real Estate. MILLER & HARRIS, 34 N. Spring st. City Trade Supply Company. CLARK & LITTLE, 123 W. First st. City.

Undertaking. DR. STEINHART'S ESSENCE OF LIFE. This great strengthening remedy and nerve tonic is the most positive cure known for NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Symptoms: Nervous, Mental, Night Restlessness, Loss of Vital Power, Sleeplessness, Depression, Loss of Memory, Headache, Dizziness, Irritability, Nervousness, etc. It is a powerful tonic, and restores the system to its normal condition. Price: 25c per bottle. Address: DR. P. STEINHART, Rooms 7 and 8, No. 215 1/2 W. First St. (Old Number, 115 1/2) Los Angeles, Cal. All communications strictly confidential. Office hours 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Sundays, 10 to 12 a.m.

PURE CALIFORNIA WINES. L. J. ROSE CO. (Limited) San Gabriel, Cal. The following Pure California Wines and Brandy can be obtained from our agent, H. J. WOOLACOTT, by the bottle, gallon or barrel: Port, Angelica, Cherry, Muscat, Berger, Zinfandel, Blau, Ribon, Trousseau, etc. Put up in cases ready for shipping to all parts of the East. Try Old Port for medicinal use.

H. J. WOOLACOTT, 124 and 126 N. Spring St. Branch Store: 438 SOUTH SPRING STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

EDUCATIONAL. SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING AND BOOK-KEEPING. THE LONGLEY INSTITUTE, 126 W. First st. is the only school in the city in which these arts are taught by competent gentlemen, skilled in their profession; terms moderate; call and see.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING. School, Mrs. Mayhew will organize a class for the purpose of teaching the young children the training will include songs and games, with gestures and dramatic method of expression. Address 1228 BOND STREET, LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE and English Training School, 38, 40 and 42 S. Main st. (near Second) near Second; experienced teachers; complete course of study. U. S. WILLIAMS, Principal.

HERK ARNOLD KUTNER, TEACHER of the German language and literature by the natural method. Office 429 S. Spring st. near Third. P. O. BOX 1808.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING. School, opposite postoffice. MRS. L. F. WILSON, Principal.

THE LOS ANGELES CONSERVATORY of Music, 509 S. MAIN ST.

H. E. HAMILTON, TEACHER of Violin, No. 643 S. Olive st.

Architects. R. B. YOUNG, ARCHITECT, ROOMS 47, 49 and 51, New Wilson block, First and Spring st.

K. Y. MORGAN & WALLS, ARCHITECTS, 120 1/2 S. Main st. near Second; experienced teachers; complete course of study. U. S. WILLIAMS, Principal.

CHARLES W. DAVIS, ARCHITECT, rooms 32 and 34, POWELL BLOCK, Los Angeles.



PET CIGARETTES

ARE THE BEST.

CIGARETTE-SMOKERS who are willing to pay a little more than the price charged for the ordinary trade cigarette will find PET CIGARETTES SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

They are made from the very highest quality of leaf grown in Virginia, are unequalled for their delicate aroma and pure fragrance, and are also WITHOUT ADDITION OF DRUGS.

ALLEN & GINTER, Manufacturers, Richmond, Va.

Homeopathic Physicians. S. S. SALISBURY, M.D., HOMEOPATH, 121 N. Spring st. rooms 6 & 7, hours 10 to 12 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone 104.

S. SHORE, M.D., HOMEOPATHIST, 121 N. Spring st. rooms 6 & 7, hours 10 to 12 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. Telephone 104.

DRS. BRACH & BOYNTON, OFFICE, 71 N. Spring st. Los Angeles, Cal. Office hours 10 to 12 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m. Dr. Boynton's residence, 715 Olive st.

DR. WHITEWORTH, 30 N. SPRING ST. Residence 515 Downey ave. Telephone 971.

M. LUMMIS, M.D., OFFICE AND RESIDENCE, 210 1/2 S. Spring st. Telephone 655.

Dentists. DR. L. W. WELLS, COR. OF SPRING AND First st., Wilson block; take elevator. Teeth filled painlessly; gold crowns and bridges put in a specialty; teeth extracted without pain. Room 30.

PAINLESS EXTRACTION OF TEETH with the electric vibrator; gold and porcelain crowns. Hours: 9 to 12 a.m. and 2 to 5 p.m. E. N. S. 15 and 16, Schumacher block, No. 7 N. Spring st.

A. DAVIS, DENTIST, 1194 S. Spring st., first story below the Nadeau Hotel.

DR. TOLBURST, DENTIST, 8 1/2 N. Spring st., rooms 1 and 2, Phillips block.

R. G. CUNNINGHAM, DENTIST, 21 N. Spring st., rooms 1 and 2, Phillips block.

DR. C. V. BALDWIN, DENTIST, 133 1/2 S. Spring st.

Attorneys. GEORGE B. SMITH, THOMAS A. WILSON, SMITH, WINDY & SMITH, ATTORNEYS, 121 N. Spring st. rooms 1 and 2, Phillips block. Federal courts. Offices, rooms 1 and 2, and 100 N. Spring st. Telephone 104.

EDWARD B. DUCKWELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, rooms 10 and 11, Bryson-Bonebrake block.

L. H. WASHBURN, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, gives special attention to collections by return mail, thus enabling you to accompany your order with money or check. Goods packed and delivered at depot free of charge. All other goods reduced in proportion. A large stock to select from and more coming. Call and see your friends.

DIVORCE AND PROBATE LAW A SPECIALTY; advice free. HOLCOMB & GARDNER, 783, Station C, City.

DIVORCE A SPECIALTY; ADVICE FREE; reasonable rates. LAWYER, F. C. BOY, 783, Station C, City.

HENRY E. CARTER, NOTARY PUBLIC, 100 N. Spring st. 10 and 11, Bryson-Bonebrake block.

J. L. MURPHY, ATTORNEY, ROOMS 41 and 43, Phillips block.

Physicians. DR. WONG HIM and HONG SOI, the famous physicians and surgeons, make a specialty of all cases of chronic rheumatism, sciatica, ruptured, dropsy, catarrhs, all ears and eyes, diseases of the head, throat, lungs, liver, stomach, blood, etc. All sick are invited to call at 608 OFFICE, 111 N. Spring st. P. O. BOX 562.

E. A. DIAL, M.D., 194 1/2 S. SPRING ST., venereal, sexual and kidney diseases.

DR. WONG, THE WELL-KNOWN AND FAMOUS PHYSICIAN, makes a specialty of all the various diseases of the body, head, throat, lungs, liver, stomach, blood, etc. All sick are invited to attend. No. 122 OFFICE, 111 N. Spring st. P. O. BOX 127.

REBECCA LEE DORSEY, M.D., OF F. C. DEL AMO, 411 N. MAIN ST., 10 to 12 a.m., 10 to 12 p.m.

DR. WEST HUGHES, FORMER RESIDENT SURGEON to the New York Hospital, 75 N. Spring st. Hours: 10 to 12 a.m. and 6 to 8 p.m.

DR. C. E. CLACUS, OFFICE 41 S. SPRING ST., hours from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. Specialties: venereal and chronic diseases.

J. MILLS ROAL, M.D., OFFICE J. changed to NW. cor. Second and First st., ground floor room, formerly occupied by drug store; entrance on First st.

EDUCATIONAL. SHORTHAND, TYPEWRITING AND BOOK-KEEPING. THE LONGLEY INSTITUTE, 126 W. First st. is the only school in the city in which these arts are taught by competent gentlemen, skilled in their profession; terms moderate; call and see.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING. School, Mrs. Mayhew will organize a class for the purpose of teaching the young children the training will include songs and games, with gestures and dramatic method of expression. Address 1228 BOND STREET, LOS ANGELES.

LOS ANGELES BUSINESS COLLEGE and English Training School, 38, 40 and 42 S. Main st. (near Second) near Second; experienced teachers; complete course of study. U. S. WILLIAMS, Principal.

HERK ARNOLD KUTNER, TEACHER of the German language and literature by the natural method. Office 429 S. Spring st. near Third. P. O. BOX 1808.

KINDERGARTEN TRAINING. School, opposite postoffice. MRS. L. F. WILSON, Principal.

THE LOS ANGELES CONSERVATORY of Music, 509 S. MAIN ST.

H. E. HAMILTON, TEACHER of Violin, No. 643 S. Olive st.

Architects. R. B. YOUNG, ARCHITECT, ROOMS 47, 49 and 51, New Wilson block, First and Spring st.

K. Y. MORGAN & WALLS, ARCHITECTS, 120 1/2 S. Main st. near Second; experienced teachers; complete course of study. U. S. WILLIAMS, Principal.

CHARLES W. DAVIS, ARCHITECT, rooms 32 and 34, POWELL BLOCK, Los Angeles.

OUR SUCCESS Is in the Composition of the Firm. YOUNG BLOOD, TEMPERED WITH Age and Experience, THAT'S OUR MAKE UP.

Young blood for taste in selecting the goods, and young blood for push. Age and experience to keep things in check and correct the mistakes of youth. WE HAVE BRAGGING, and always try to avoid it in our advertisements—don't believe it when we read it from others. BUT WE Honestly believe we sell three times more Clothing, Honestly believe we show three times more Styles, Honestly believe we give better Value, Than any other firm in our line.



Corner Spring and Temple Streets.

GROCERIES

Retailed at Wholesale Prices.

TELEPHONE 546. HALL & PACKARD'S 341 & 343 S. SPRING ST.

QUOTATIONS NO. 2:

15 pounds best dry granulated sugar.....	1.00	Best Eastern Breakfast Bacon.....	1 1/2
10 pounds best brown sugar.....	1.00	Good Eastern Breakfast Bacon.....	1.00
10 cans Standard Corn.....	1.00	Best Eastern Dry Salted Pork.....	1.00
10 cans Standard Tomatoes.....	1.00	10-pound tin Lard.....	1.00
10 cans Standard String Beans.....	1.00	6-pound tin Lard.....	1.00
10 cans Standard Pie Fruits.....	1.00	Corn Meal.....	1.00
10 cans Standard Salmon.....	1.00	Corn Oil or Fresh Milk.....	1.00
10 cans Standard Fish.....	1.00	10 cans Eagle or Eagle Meal.....	1.00
10 bars best maple syrup.....	1.00	10 cans Eagle or Eagle Meal.....	1.00
10 pounds best land rice.....	1.00	1 gallon can Golden Drip Syrup.....	1.00
10 lbs can Maple Syrup.....	1.00	Fine Tea, New Crop.....	1.00
10 lbs can Maple Syrup.....	1.00	10 cans Golden Drip Syrup.....	1.00
10 pounds best North Florida Flour.....	1.25	6 Holland Milder Herrings.....	1.00
Best Eastern Ham, at.....	13 1/2		

TERMS OF THE TIMES.

Published Every Day in the Year.

SERVED BY CARRIERS:
 Daily and Sunday, per month, \$3.00
 Daily and Sunday, per quarter, \$8.00
 Daily and Sunday, per year, \$24.00
 By Mail, Post Paid:
 Daily and Sunday, per month, \$3.00
 Daily and Sunday, per quarter, \$8.00
 Daily and Sunday, per year, \$24.00
 Weekly, per year, \$2.00

THE TIMES OWNS THE EXCLUSIVE RIGHT FOR A WEEKLY REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER TO PUBLISH IN LOS ANGELES THE TELEGRAPHED "WIRE REPORT" OF THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, (INCLUDING THE NEW YORK ASSOCIATED PRESS AND THE WESTERN ASSOCIATED PRESS), THE GREATEST NEWS-GATHERING ORGANIZATION IN THE WORLD. ITS REPRESENTATIVES EXTEND THROUGHOUT THE CIVILIZED WORLD, INCLUDING GABLE CONNECTIONS AND CONNECTIONS WITH THE DE BENTON, HAYES AND WOLFE NEWS AGENCIES OF EUROPE. OUR NEWS FRANCHISE IS FOR A LONG TERM OF YEARS.

CORRESPONDENTS solicited from all quarters. Timely local topics and news given the preference. Cultivate brevity, timeliness, and a clear and pointed style. Use one side of the sheet only, write plainly and legibly, and name for the person information of the Editor.

SUBSCRIBERS, when writing to have the address of their paper changed, should also state the former address.

TIME-MIRROR TELEPHONE.
 Business Office, No. 674
 Editorial Room, No. 674
 Times-Mirror Printing House, No. 422
 Address
 The Times-Mirror Company,
 Times Building,
 Los Angeles, Cal.

ENTERED AT POSTOFFICE AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER.

The Times

BY THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS,
 President and General Manager.
 W. A. SPALDING, Vice-President.
 M. A. OTIS, Secretary.

Vol. XVII, No. 168

THE erratic ex-Senator Jones of Florida has at length been adjudged insane.

PATTI is again concerting in London. It is not stated whether this is a "farewell" tour or not.

BISMARCK is writing his memoirs for the last twenty-five years. They will be "mighty interesting" reading.

GOVERNMENT inspection of foods and drinks is very badly needed in this country. The report of the New Jersey Dairy Commission shows that of 2807 food articles analyzed 1102 were adulterated.

A WASHINGTON special to the Chicago Daily News states that the President would veto a free coinage bill. That he would do so has been generally understood for several months past in well-informed circles.

A REFERENCE in yesterday's issue to the Jewish people of Europe, and to the inducements now being held out to them to further establish themselves in France, was not intended as a recognition upon that race, but as a recognition of their well-known business sagacity.

The President recommends prompt action by Congress in the matter of a preliminary survey for a railway line through the Pacific States, in accordance with the recommendation of the Pan-American Congress. It would be the greatest railway scheme ever undertaken.

An instance of life's vicissitudes is furnished in the case of the aged Viscountess Kingland, who has just died in England. For twenty years she earned from fifty to seventy-five cents a week by making shirts at four cents apiece, and received occasional relief from the parish. During the last few years of her life a benevolent society gave her some aid.

A STRIKE has recently occurred which will strike dismay into the hearts of the American firecracker makers in China. A strike, short time ago, and in consequence there will not be half enough firecrackers to go around on the Fourth of July. It is more than probable that the adult American and the insurance companies will not share the small boy's sorrow in this case.

The kerosene can is almost as deadly as the gun which was not known to be loaded. Deaths from lighting fires with coal oil of almost daily occurrence, but they still do it. Now comes a tale from Indiana of a farmer who rubbed his cows with kerosene to destroy vermin. They caught fire and burned to death, along with a haystack. It will soon be necessary to confine the sale of kerosene to drug stores, and require a doctor's certificate from every purchaser.

THE New Orleans Picayune a few days ago published an article advocating the acceptance by the State of the bribe offered by the Louisiana State Lottery Company for the privilege of renewing its franchise. The New Orleans Christian Advocate claims that the secret of the attitude of the press of that city on the lottery question is to be found in the fact that the lottery men have purchased newspaper stock, and are now owners and controllers of at least two of the leading papers. In the cases of other papers, the lottery advertisements, amounting to thousands of dollars, constitute too rich a sop to quarrel with. This, if true, is only one more reason why so gigantic a confidence game should be doomed.

THE mining of bituminous limonite in San Luis Obispo county promises to become an important industry. The Los Angeles company, which handles this product, has recently purchased a large area of territory adjacent to its present source of supply. A new use has been found for this substance. Experiments carried on by the army authorities at Fort Point, San Francisco, show that the rock has a wonderful power of withstanding shots, and it will probably be extensively utilized for fortifications. There is apparently no limit to the number of valuable mineral substances which may be found in this State. Our rocky and untillable mountains are in many cases as valuable as our fertile plains and foothills.

NOT ANOTHER, BUT THE SAME OLD RICHMOND.

Gov. Waterman can do it if he likes, but he cannot succeed—there is no hope of that, and so his thrusting himself into the arena again can only be set down to an unworthy desire to "rise Cain" and "get even" with people who have incurred his displeasure by not looking with favor upon his original candidature. Should Mr. Waterman exhibit the ignoble motives in his future political course which are outlined in the recent "hoss paper" utterances of his private secretary, the Marquis of Borax, then Mr. Waterman will find that he has incurred the severe displeasure of the Republicans of the State of California, who will not uphold a candidate who enters upon a campaign of revenge, and deals personally or by proxy in vituperation of his chief rival, and in gross misrepresentation of his record, character, career, sentiments, motives and attitude upon public questions.

We suspect that Mr. Waterman is building for himself a political house that is destined to fall upon and crush him, covering him with debris, bruises, blackness and sores. Had he different and better personal and official surroundings and fewer personal animosities, his own better sense might impel him to fortify against the day of wrath. But who can tell where he will be led and to what fatal lengths he may not go? Let his clans gather if they have stomach for fight! Let the Pactolian stream flow afresh, and the late silent personal organs attune themselves once more! Let the tomboy be fired and the anvil chorus be hammered out. Let the hewgag sound and the fuzzy-guzzly blow! "See, the conquering hero comes!"

MR. HUNTINGTON'S VIEWS.

Mr. Huntington yesterday spent a busy day, inspecting San Pedro harbor and driving around Los Angeles. He expressed astonishment at the improvements which have been made in this city during the past two years.

In regard to San Pedro, Mr. Huntington stated that, while they would improve Santa Monica, San Pedro is the only proper place down here for a deep-water harbor, but added the very remark that private citizens and corporations cannot improve it. It must be done by the Government, and Mr. Huntington said he was as anxious as any of the people in Los Angeles to see it improved. He showed that, in view of our comparatively small population, it was a difficult job to put appropriations through Congress, and said we must send men of brains and force—hard fighters—to Washington.

Mr. Huntington did not hesitate to show that he is not at all pleased with the company, which the business of the company has been conducted in Southern California. He charged the mismanagement to political jobbery, and reiterated that the company is now out of politics for good.

Many of the newspapers of the State have expressed much doubt as to whether the Southern Pacific Company would really go out of politics, in accordance with the declaration of President Huntington. In view of the fact that Mr. Huntington has since repeatedly emphasized his statement, it would now be both unreasonable and insulting to Mr. Huntington to believe that he means less than what he has said, unless we should be forced to an opposite conclusion by the course of events. In continuing its influence strictly to its own business affairs, the Southern Pacific Company will certainly advance greatly in the estimation of Californians.

A. T. STEWART.

Many unkind things have been said of late A. T. Stewart. Perhaps some of them may be true, but there were surely more good than evil in a man, an alien by birth—who held such sentiments as those which he expressed in the following letter, written by him in 1861 to a customer at Memphis, who had inquired whether Stewart had offered the Government a million dollars to carry on the war, at the same time informing him that no more debts would be paid him:

The intention not to pay seems to be nearly universal in the South, aggravated in your case by the assurance that it does not arise from inability; but whatever may be your determination, or that of others at the South, it shall not alter my course. All that I have of wealth or position I owe to the free institutions of the United States, under which, in common with all others, North and South, protection of life, liberty and property has been enjoyed in the fullest manner. The Government to which these blessings are due calls on her citizens to protect the capital of the Union from threatened assault, and although the offer to which you refer has not been made by me, I yet dedicate all that I have, as I will, to my life, to the service of the country—for to that country I am bound by the strongest ties of affection and duty.

The memory of a man who expressed such noble sentiments as these should not only be allowed to rest in peace, but it should be embalmed in the hearts of his countrymen.

THE FIRST-STREET GRADE—SOME KICKERS.

The City Council yesterday approved the report of the Board of Public Works. This report included a recommendation that the 1-in-20 grade be adopted for the opening of First street. The matter now goes to the City Engineer, who will prepare an ordinance for publication. Some residents on the close-in hills met on Saturday and formed an organization to be called the Central Improvement and Protective Association. The real object of the meeting is understood to have been the defeat of the 1-in-20 project, in favor of an easier grade. A series of rather sensational resolutions were adopted in pursuance of this object. The members of the

association are chiefly residents of the direct line of First street—gentlemen who have handsome homes on the hills, and object to a utilitarian plan of opening the street, from more or less esthetic motives. Of course, they have it in their power to temporarily delay, in the courts, action upon this necessary measure, but the improvement is so generally demanded by these most nearly interested that we do not believe that their opposition will win finally. It might be well for these gentlemen to reflect a little and consider whether it is a wise or graceful act on their part, for a few wealthy citizens to interpose an obstacle in the way of a public improvement which is longed for by a large number of citizens, and the very commencement of which would have a stimulating effect upon the business of the city. It is also a question whether the interest of these gentlemen in such improvement of business would not more than counterbalance any possible direct damage which can result to them from the opening of the street on the proposed grade.

In the Senate yesterday Mr. Dolph spoke on the silver bill. He favored the plan proposed by the Secretary of the Treasury, and argued against the free coinage of silver, unless under an international agreement. Mr. Teller criticized his speech, insisting that the proposition which came from the Finance Committee did not mean silver at all; on the contrary, it meant a single gold standard. Mr. Mitchell also dissented from his colleague, Mr. Dolph, and denied that that gentleman voiced the sentiment of Oregon, calling attention to the fact that the two State conventions which recently met in that State each resolved unanimously, without any hesitation or equivocation, that they were in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. The silver sentiment is apparently growing stronger in Congress, under the powerful arguments which have been made by western Senators. It looks almost as if a free-coinage bill might be passed at this session, were it not for fear of the President's veto.

The proposed shortening of time on the Santa Fe to three days between Los Angeles and Chicago, and consequently to four days between this city and New York, will bring us very close to the Atlantic seaboard. Moreover, it will give us a great advantage in this respect over San Francisco. It is true that fourteen years ago a train was run from New York to San Francisco, over the Central Pacific, in three days and a half, but the very heavy grades on that route forbid the establishment of any such time as a regular thing. Los Angeles will soon begin to realize the great advantages which Nature has bestowed upon Southern California in its low mountain passes. We have, in these low passes, free from snow at all seasons of the year, an inducement for the entry of trains, which railroad men can fully appreciate.

M. H. DE YOUNG of San Francisco and Col. William Forsyth of Fresno, will represent California at the Chicago World's Fair, as commissioners.

COL. CHICKEN yesterday spoke favorably of the plan to build a wharf at Santa Monica.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.—This evening the first performance in this city of Bronson Howard's successful war drama, *Shenandoah*, will be given. The engagement lasts the entire week, and includes a Saturday matinee.

AMONG THE POLITICIANS.

John S. Clarkson thinks Cleveland an easier man to beat than Gov. Hill.

Hon. D. A. Ostram of Yuba county has published a card, in which he says he will not be a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Congress.

George Bancroft, who was Secretary of the Navy for a year and a half in the administration of President Polk, is the oldest ex-Cabinet officer, both in age and date of service, now living.

James V. Coleman, who announces himself as a candidate for Governor, will assume the role of an anti-monopolist, but should he be elected, he will be as complete a tool of the monopolists as ever sat in the gubernatorial chair. He must not be elected.—[San Francisco Star.]

California Oranges in Boston. [San Bernardino Index.]
 Simon Cook of Redlands has two and a half acres of seedling oranges, from which he sold 475 boxes at \$1.60 per box on the tree—a total of \$840; an average of \$256 an acre. Also two and a half acres of Washington Navela which yielded 800 boxes that sold at a price that netted \$3.50 a box on the tree—a total of \$1050, or \$420 an acre. The seedling trees were six years in orchard. The Navela oranges were shipped to Boston as an experiment. In twelve days from the time of shipment Mr. Cook got a dispatch that the fruit was sold at a figure that netted him \$3.50 per box on the tree, and asking for another carload, which was shipped, and then a third carload was shipped with equally good results. This settles the practicability of occupying the Atlantic seaboard market with California oranges in competition with fruit from Florida and the Mediterranean district.

Discouraging Immigration.

[Arizona Kicker.]
 We would not advise you to come west under the idea that you can make a carload of money in your business in a year or two. There are not only plenty of undertakers on this way, but, owing to certain peculiarities, the business is not as flourishing as it might be. Our people don't make much of funerals. The idea is that after a man is dead he isn't good for much, and it's wonderful how cheap you can get the figures, if you so desire. For instance, the last man we shot figured out as follows:
 Drinks for corner's jury..... 60
 Box for remains..... 40
 Digging grave..... 40
 Heed board..... 15
 Services of day..... 40
 Total..... \$195

You can't get things much below this figure, while the people here won't stand much of a raise on it. We'd like your anxiety and we'd like you to help build up the town, but, when you ask us for facts and figures, we have got to give them to you straight.

CAPITRANO.

A New and Important Enterprise.
 CAPITRANO, May 19.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] If there are any good orange lands in Southern California, that can be bought "for \$25 per acre," they are not anywhere near Capitrano.

I have something to tell you, that interests all of us just now, and which will, I trust, interest many of your readers, especially those that like to see and hear of improvements being made in our end of the State.

Some gentlemen from Chicago, who bought ranch property here several years ago, have been quietly setting it out in trees, and making other improvements. They have concluded that the only way to take care of their fruit is to prepare it for the eastern market. With this end in view they are erecting a building 35 by 110 feet, together with an engine-house and a large tank and house for the helms, and a large power engine is ordered from Los Angeles, and a number of large copper kettles are now being manufactured. These gentlemen have organized as the "San Juan Company," and they will put about six thousand dollars in their plant. They will not only put up their own fruit, but have already contracted for the entire fig, apricot and pear crop of the valley, and have arranged to buy fruit at Santa Ana and Orange. Their goods will all be put up in glass, except glass fruits, which will be packed in one and two-pound boxes. A special car will be made of pickles and marmalades, and arrangements have already been made for a market for the entire pack of this season.

There will also be an olive-oil mill in connection with the fruit packing, and we hope to see the "Capitran Mission brand" equal to the best that is made. This institution will give permanent employment to a number of men, besides affording employment to boys and girls who are willing to pick fruit during the season, which will circulate a large amount of money every year. These gentlemen have a great policy in mind, as it is developed, but which are sure to come, and that will greatly assist in building up this section.

Some of our citizens have given the San Juan Company substantial aid, which they could well afford to do. The company also feel under deep obligations to the management of the Southern California Railroad Company for the interest they have manifested in an enterprise, and for the substantial aid and encouragement rendered by them.

This road is doing all it can to promote such enterprises, and if the present policy is continued, as it is developed, only a few years will elapse until its local business will be about all it can take care of.

Our old mission is still interesting. A great many of the tourists who visit the place are the Hot Springs, the grand bathing beach and good hotel accommodations.

Orange County.

SANTA ANA, May 19.—[Correspondence of THE TIMES.] Active preparations are being made toward the permanent organization of the Orange County Fair Association, at a meeting held Saturday at a committee was appointed to draft a constitution and bylaws, the same to be ready by next Saturday for final action by the representatives of the various cities and towns throughout the county.

There is little doubt that the fair will be a success, and that the stock and stock display will be a feature of the fair.

It is the expressed wish of some of the citizens that a piece of ground be leased for five years, with the privilege of buying it at the end of the time. The eastern principle of having the exhibition of products and the stock parades and racing all within one enclosure, and for one price of admission, is being advocated.

Charles Dudley Warner and party spent Friday night and a greater portion of Saturday here. They were the guests of the Board of Trade, and were highly pleased with the points of interest in the valley. They procured many photos of orchards and picturesque localities for the purpose of raising money for the fair.

Reports from the San Joaquin ranch and other grain-producing sections are bespeak a light cereal crop for this season. The dry spell had the effect of searing the late planted crop, so that it is feared that a concerted effort will be of a fine and healthy quality.

The orange, lime, olive, peanut and walnut yield the year will be perfect and of large quantity. Many thousand walnuts have been set out this year. The prospects of the valley could not be more encouraging.

Duck Raising. [Orange News.]
 The raising of ducks for market can be made an exceedingly profitable part of this country as are well supplied with water. The country about Garden Grove and Westminster, where artesian water and rich vegetation abounds at all seasons, is very well suited. Well fattened young ducks will generally bring better prices than chickens—always will at four months—and the cost of raising the ducks will be very little if they have access to a pond or watered area.

A pond can easily be made with a plow and scraper in a low spot, not good for anything else, and the ducks will luxuriate in it and grow with wonderful rapidity. The pond would be much better if so located that it could be drained occasionally and fresh water supplied. A week or two before marketing give a feed morning and evening of barley or corn meal, cooked potatoes, table scraps, and milk if you have it, and they will be in excellent condition as to quantity and quality of flesh. For marketing purposes, we would give preference to the ducks of the local varieties, but the Pekin will be found the best egg-producer.

A Raisin Convention.

[California Raisin Growers.]
 A call has been issued by the editor of the Mail for the raisin-growers, packers and shippers of Yolo county to assemble at Woodland on Saturday, May 17th, at 10 a.m. The intention is to establish an association, which will have for its objects the improvements of grades and style of packing and the collection and distribution of useful knowledge regarding the raisin business, markets, etc. All parties interested in the raisin industry of California are invited to attend.

Fatal Quarrel.

AUBURN, May 19.—Two men named Byron and Daniels quarreled at Cisco yesterday, and Daniels shot Byron in the stomach, killing him. The shooter gave himself up to the Sheriff.

THE EX-CHANCELLOR.

Bismarck's Views on Affairs in Europe.

France Has Nothing to Gain by War with the Fatherland.

Germany Voting Millions for the Conquest of East Africa.

A New Cabinet in Japan—Dahomey Warriors Slaughtered by French Troops—Big Sale of Cable Stock—Notes.

By Telegram to The Times.

PARIS, May 19.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] In an interview recently had with him by Desouss, the French Journalist, Bismarck said the danger lay in the sentimental anger of the French over the loss of Alsace-Lorraine. Supposing France and Russia crushed Germany, he said, who would be the gainer? Russia would certainly then devour France. Germany was the bulwark of western Europe against Russian invasion.

Talking with a correspondent of *Novos Vremya* of St. Petersburg, the ex-Chancellor declared that Austria was not so near decay as people imagined. Germany needs Austria for the same reason that Russia needs France. War between Germany and Russia would be the greatest mistake, but was, for many reasons, almost impossible. The labor conference was a blow in the air. The discontent of capitalists was much more dangerous than the discontent of workmen.

NOTES FROM ABROAD.

Germany Voting Millions for Operations in East Africa.

BERLIN, May 19.—[By Cable and Associated Press.] The Budget Committee of the Reichstag has approved credits, amounting to 4,500,000 marks, on account of German operations in East Africa. Of this amount the sum of 350,000 marks will be devoted to paying a subsidy to the East Africa Steamship Company.

SALE OF CABLE STOCK.

LONDON, May 19.—A large lot of commercial cable stock has been sold to a London syndicate, composed of parties interested in the Canadian Pacific Railway, and today Sir Donald A. Smith, W. G. Van Horne and C. R. Hosmer of Montreal, and Thomas S. Kidder of London, were elected directors. John W. Mackay still personally holds more than half the capital stock.

THE NEW JAPANESE CABINET.

YOKOHAMA, May 19.—The new cabinet has been formed as follows: Count Tanaka Michi, Minister of Home Affairs; Gen. Akimasa, Education; Admiral Sumitomo, Navy; Gen. Ogami, War; Count Masayoshi, Finance; and Count Shojiro, Communications.

DAHOMY WARRIORS SLAUGHTERED.

PARIS, May 19.—The *Temps*' Senegal dispatch says the French captured Segon and Oudebougou after conflicts with the Dahomians. The latter's forces at the battle of Oudebougou, which took place April 25th, numbered 10,000 men, and all were killed. The French loss was fifteen killed and twelve wounded.

SUNK IN THE RED SEA.

LONDON, May 19.—The British steamer *Bucca* from London to Brisbane struck a reef in the Red Sea on Friday and sank. No lives were lost.

RIOTING ARAB.

ALGIERS, May 19.—A riot was caused at Muel Culma by Arabs pillaging Jews' shops. Troops fired and several Arabs were killed.

DEAD.

PARIS, May 19.—Gen. Hautpol is dead.

Will Agitate for Eight Hours.

CLEVELAND (O.), May 19.—The sixteenth annual convention of the Journeymen Horseshoers' National Union opened today, with delegates from nearly every State in the Union. It was the general opinion that no special demand for eight hours should be made at present, but the question will be agitated in the unions, so that a concerted demand will be made next year.

An Escaped Murderer.

CHICO, May 19.—Chinese merchants of Chico offer a reward of \$300 for the capture of Ah Won, who murdered his two companions in Colusa county. He is supposed to be hiding in Sacramento or San Francisco. It is believed that he has a wound in the left hip, by means of which he can be identified.

Powderfully Acquitted.

GREENSBURG, (Pa.), May 19.—T. V. Powderly, J. S. Byrne and Peter Wise, were this evening acquitted on the charge of conspiracy preferred by Edward Callaghan. The costs were placed on the country. The main portion of the testimony for the Commonwealth was given by Callaghan, and was a reiteration of his former stories.

Found the Pastor Guilty.

JOLIET (Ill.), May 19.—The Baptist ministerial council, composed of delegates from sixty churches in Illinois, today canvassed the charges against the somewhat noted Joliet pastor, Whitman, and, without a dissenting voice, found him guilty. He was sent for, but refused to appear.

Cherries for Chicago.

VACAVILLE, May 19.—The California Fruit Association here shipped this morning a full carload of cherries to Chicago. This is the first carload shipped from the State during the present season.

Another Burning Mine.

CLEVELAND (O.), May 19.—The Ingleswood coal mine at North Lawrence, took fire on Saturday from a blast and work has been suspended. The financial loss will likely be very heavy.

Cut to Pieces.

ELLENBURG (Wash.), May 19.—On Sunday morning a freight train near Thorpe, seven miles north of here, ran over a man and cut him to pieces. He was asleep on the track.

Arrested at Havana.

NEW YORK, May 19.—Bob Wallace, who is said to have stolen \$50,000 from his uncle, John H. Wallace, has been arrested at Havana.

Fell from a Gallery.

About 12 o'clock last evening, Peter McNally fell from the gallery of a

lodging-house at No. 528 South Spring street. He fell to the ground, striking on his head, and was severely bruised about the head and shoulders. He was taken to the police station by Officer Walker for surgical treatment. McNally is a waiter by occupation. A few months ago he met with a similar accident, breaking a leg.

Attempts to Wreck a Train.

PETALUMA, May 19.—Two attempts were made to wreck the early train last Saturday morning, one near Starke's Park, and another below this city. Two large stones were placed on the track, but the obstructions were discovered in time to prevent a disaster.

A Dangerous Mine.

SHAMOKIN (Pa.), May 19.—The work of turning the creek into the burning Nelson shaft is not yet completed. A number of men went down to the 76-foot level today and were overcome by gas. A volunteer crew got them out just in time to save their lives.

Temperance Raids Threatened.

KANSAS CITY, May 19.—A Topeka special says that five hundred temperance women of that city have banded together resolved to enforce the State law, despite the Supreme Court's decision. Raids are expected to follow.

Dwelling Burned.

FRESNO, May 19.—The dwelling of Ben Breese was burned early this morning, in the Fresno colony. The origin of the fire is unknown. The loss is \$1700; insurance, \$1000.

THE FISTIC ARENA.

A COLORADO MAN FACES PETER JACKSON.

The Colored Bruiser Unable to Do Him Up in Five Rounds—Carney of England Wants to Arrange a Match.

By Telegram to The Times.

CHICAGO, May 19.—[By the Associated Press.] Six thousand people to-night witnessed a rattling five-round match with four-ounce gloves between Peter Jackson, the colored Australian champion, who is to fight John L. Sullivan, and Ed Smith, champion of Colorado. Much interest was taken in the question of Smith's ability as against Jackson, owing to the fact that the Colorado man has been trained by Sullivan's noted helper, Muldoon, a wrestler, and to the further fact that Smith recently knocked out Mike Cleary in one round.

Smith made a decidedly good showing against the big colored man, standing up for five rounds without suffering a knockout. Smith appeared timid in the first round, and was floored three times, but in the succeeding rounds he rallied and though at a disadvantage from Jackson's long reach, landed repeatedly on Jackson's jaw and wind. Both men were groggy when the combat ended.

The fight was awarded to Jackson. Muldoon offers to back Smith for \$5000 for a fight to a finish against any man in the world, barring Sullivan, McAllister and Jackson.

CARNEY WANTS TO FIGHT.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A cablegram from London was received today stating that Jimmy Carney had posted \$100 with the Sporting Life to fight any man in England, America or Australia for \$1000 a side and the light-weight championship of the world. The battle is to be fought on the continent or under the auspices of the Pelican Club, four or six months from signing articles. McAllister, Myers or Carroll are preferred.

Investigating Mayor Grant.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Fassett committee resumed its investigation today. Mayor Grant's private secretary, Holm, John Gledhill and other witnesses bluntly opposed McCann's statement and confirmed Grant's.

A MONUMENT OF NEWSPAPERS.

Every Publication Issued This Year Will Be Preserved for Posterity. [Washington Post.]

At the tenth census there was obtained by Special Agent North a very unique collection of over eleven thousand newspapers and periodicals published in the United States during the census year, which collection was arranged, bound and deposited for preservation at the Congressional Library. In view of the great historical value of such a collection, Supt. Porter has decided to form a collection of all the newspapers, magazines and periodical publications of every year from 1789 to the present census year, to serve as a permanent memorial of the development of this important branch of American enterprise.

This collection will be made in duplicate, one set for preservation at the library of Congress and the other for deposit in the National Museum. The National Museum was not established until the Smithsonian Institution in 1846, and hence only one newspaper collection was made at that time. The National Museum, however, has now collected over eleven thousand and, in view of its vast and successful operations, which must continually widen as the time progresses, Supt. Porter has deemed it proper to make, and the Carnegie director and assistant director have consented to accept, a duplicate of the collection secured for the library of Congress. By this means, should one of the collections by accident suffer destruction, its duplicate will be preserved.

Mr. A. R. Spofford, the Librarian of Congress, has already made arrangements, when the new library building, now in course of erection, shall be completed, to give the very large collection of newspapers and periodicals now held, and to be held in the future by the library such space and superior accommodation as will subject them to ready reference by the public.

In addition to

IN BOTH HOUSES.

The Jones Silver Bill in the Senate.

Oregon's Senators Take Opposing Views of the Measure.

The Bynum-Bayne Episode in the House Smoothed Over.

Tobacco and Lead Ores the Principal Topics Considered in Relation to the Pending Tariff Bill, Etc.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON (D. C.), May 19.—[By the Associated Press.] Senate.—Mr. Hale from the Committee on Appropriations reported back the annual Naval Appropriation Bill.

The Silver Bill was taken up, and Mr. Dolph addressed the Senate. He thought international bi-metallic was desirable. In considering the various plans proposed he was satisfied that the one proposed by the Secretary of the Treasury was open to less and fewer objections than any of the others, if the purpose was to keep both gold and silver coin in circulation. He argued against the free coinage of silver as something that would stop the coinage of gold, but remarked that what he said in regard to free coinage did not, of course, apply to free coinage under an international agreement establishing the ratio between gold and silver.

At the close of Mr. Dolph's speech, Mr. Teller criticized it and said that it would not do for that Senator or any other Senator to say with unadvised belief that the proposition which came from the Finance Committee meant silver at all; on the contrary it meant a single gold standard.

Mr. Mitchell expressed dissent from the views expressed by his colleague (Mr. Dolph), saying in part: "The two State conventions that recently met in Oregon, each resolved unanimously, without any hesitation or equivocation, that they were in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver. I believe each of those conventions was composed of representative men of the respective parties of our State. I believe in adopting their resolutions. They voice the sentiment almost universally of the people of Oregon. Therefore, I do not desire to go out to my colleague's speech on this question and voice the whole sentiment of Oregon as far as representation of that State is concerned on this floor."

On motion of Mr. Wilson of Iowa, it was ordered that the Senate bill subjecting imported liquors to the provisions of the laws of the several States be taken up tomorrow after routine morning business.

Adjourned.

House.—The House went into committee of the whole on the tariff bill. After the chairman had given a sharp admonition to spectators in the gallery that they must preserve order, Mr. Wilson of West Virginia took the House on a question of personal privilege.

Mr. Wilson then said: "I am glad to see the House without Mr. Campbell's speech. Mr. Wilson applied to me to express regret that the controversy should have occurred, and denied that he intended any reflection on either Mr. Byrum or Mr. Wilson."

Mr. Wilson then said he had no further statement to make, and the subject was dropped.

The House then in committee of the whole proceeded to consideration of the tariff bill, the pending amendment being that offered by Mr. Funston of Kansas, striking from the metal schedule the proviso that silver ore and all other ores containing lead shall pay a duty of 10 cents a pound on lead contained therein.

Mr. Frank of Missouri regretted that the amendment emanated from the Republican side, and opposed it.

Mr. Hopkins of Illinois contended that the importance of Mexican ore was a blessing to American miners as well as to workingmen engaged in smelting. In the name of American labor, he protested against the proviso which would control the output of American miners.

Mr. Crain of Texas said the lead-silver proviso was illustrative of the logical sequence of protection, namely, prohibition of importations. The adoption of the proviso in the bill meant ruin to frontier towns and incalculable injury to American capital invested in Mexico.

Mr. Dubois of Idaho objected to Mr. Hopkins' position as a representative of miners. No word in favor of free lead was ever heard from representatives of miners. The amendment struck a blow not only at miners, but at the silver producers.

Mr. Perkins of Kansas protested against the amendment as putting the American miner in competition with the Mexican workman.

Mr. Townsend of Colorado said the amendment was in the interest of the Mexican miner. It would ruin the mining industry of the West.

Mr. Clunie of California and Mr. Bartine of Nevada also opposed the amendment vigorously.

It was then rejected—94 to 120—Messrs. Hopkins, Funston, Marsh, Butterworth, Kelly, Post, Adams, Gear and Morrill voting in the affirmative and Mr. Clunie in the negative.

Mr. Hopkins offered an amendment providing that ore containing silver and lead shall pay a duty of 1 cent a pound on the lead contained therein.

The amendments offered on Saturday by Mr. McKinley to the internal revenue clause of the bill were adopted, as were also a number of others.

Mr. McKinley offered amendments regarding the tobacco and snuff tax, among them one that the internal taxes on smoking and manufactured tobacco and snuff be 4 cents a pound, and reducing the bond of cigar manufacturers from \$500 to \$100.

Mr. Henderson of Iowa spoke in favor of restoring the present internal tax on tobacco, and offered an amendment to that effect. The people believe, he said, that the tax is the last which should be taken from their shoulders. They preferred that the tax be taken from the necessities of the table, rather than from the pipe, cigar and whisky-lug. The main question before the House was whether the treasury contained enough money to pay the expenses of the Government. At such a time, he did not believe in taking the tax from tobacco. He did not propose, with

soldiers of the Union knocking at the doors of the Capitol, to take the tax off tobacco.

Mr. Tucker of Virginia offered and advocated an amendment abolishing the tax on tobacco. Mr. Kerr of Iowa favored the repeal of the tobacco tax. Under the system of monopoly in the production of whisky and tobacco, the tax on these articles had been more demoralizing to the people than any other tax imposed.

Mr. McKinley said the committee had not abolished the tax on tobacco because the country needed money and because it was not necessary to abolish it in order to preserve the protective system.

Mr. Tucker's amendment was rejected—62 to 118—Messrs. Atkinson, McComas, Kerr, Lehibach, Ewart, Waddell, Brown of Virginia and Mudd voting with the Democrats, and Messrs. Hearst and Williams of Illinois, Owens of Ohio and Farnsey and Morgan with the Republicans.

Mr. Henderson's amendment was also rejected—80 to 118.

Mr. Henderson offered another amendment restoring the present rate of duty on wool and woolsens.

Pending a vote, the committee rose and the House adjourned.

BAT AND BALL.

THE STRUGGLE AMONG THE BIG EASTERN CLUBS.

Brooklyn a Tie With Boston in the Race for the Brotherhood Championship—The Daily Record.

By Telegraph to The Times.

BOSTON, May 19.—[By the Associated Press.] The Boston club easily won the brotherhood game today, defeating Pittsburgh by a score of 10 to 4.

Batteries: Daily and Kelly, Bakely and Sutcliffe.

New York, May 19.—The Giants, by their heavy hitting at the right time, won the game from the Buffalo brotherhood club this afternoon. The attendance was 600.

New York.....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1 1—12
Buffalo.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4
Batteries: O'Day and Ewing, Haddock and Mack.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The local brotherhood club outbatted and outplayed Pittsburgh today, and won an easy victory.

Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 1 2 3 0—16
Pittsburgh.....1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—8
Batteries: Cunningham and Milligan, Galvin and Carroll.

BROOKLYN, May 19.—By defeating the Chicago brotherhood club for a fourth time, Brooklyn today ties with Boston for the first place. The attendance was 500.

Brooklyn.....3 0 1 0 0 0 0 1—6
Chicago.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Batteries: Weyning and Kinslow, Baldwin and Boyle.

League Games.

BOSTON, May 19.—The Chicago league club easily defeated the Boston today. The attendance was 1800.

Boston.....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—1
Chicago.....3 0 2 0 1 1 0 1—7
Batteries: Clarkson and Hardie, Hutchinson and Kittredge.

BROOKLYN, May 19.—The local league club had an easy victory over Pittsburgh this afternoon. Rain early in the afternoon made ball playing doubtful, and only 400 persons attended.

Brooklyn.....4 0 1 1 2 3 5 0—15
Pittsburgh.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2
Batteries: Caruthers and Daly, Schmidt and Wilson.

NEW YORK, May 19.—A costly error and a two-base hit enabled New York to beat Cleveland in an exciting league game today. The attendance was 250.

New York.....0 1 0 0 1 0 1 2—5
Cleveland.....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1—4
Batteries: Wynn and Murphy, Beatin and Zimmer.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—The Philadelphia league club lost another game to Cincinnati today by a miserable fielding. The attendance was 2200.

Cincinnati.....0 0 0 0 3 1 1 1—9
Philadelphia.....0 0 0 0 0 1 3 0—6
Batteries: Rhines and Baldwin, Smith and Clements.

Association Games.

PHILADELPHIA, May 19.—Athletics, 11; Louisville, 3.

ROCHESTER, May 19.—Rochester, 6; St. Louis, 1.

The American games at Syracuse and Brooklyn were postponed—rain.

Charities and Corrections.

BALTIMORE, May 19.—At the National Conference of Charities and Corrections the principal paper of the day was the report of the committee of State boards of charity. There has not been any noteworthy change during the year. An unbroken chain of State boards of charity now stretches from Massachusetts to Kansas.

A resolution was passed inviting all States that have not boards of charity to appoint them at once and fall into line with the general work.

Proposed World's Fair Convention.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 19.—At a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce today to arrange for California's exhibit at the World's Fair, it was decided to hold a meeting of representatives of all local organizations interested on Wednesday next. The latter meeting is to arrange for a State convention to consider the matter in question.

Repairing a Broken Levee.

SACRAMENTO, May 19.—The Government contractor for closing the Paine break began to drive piles on Thursday last, but the fierce current made it impossible to drive but three piles. It was finally decided to begin at one end of the break and draw the pile-driver ahead on the top of the piles as they are driven. There is considerable more water going through the break.

Charged with Shooting His Father.

PORTLAND (Or.), May 19.—Frank Phelps, a son of Oliver S. Phelps, who was shot last night, was arrested today and charged with attempting to murder his father. The cause of the shooting is not yet known, but one motive assigned is that the father, who is possessed of considerable property, was about to marry against the wish of the family.

Railroad Property Conveyed.

PORTLAND (Or.), May 19.—Master in Chancery George H. Durham, who lately sold the Oregonian Railway Company's lines and property under foreclosure of a mortgage, today made a deed conveying the property to the Oregonian Railroad Company, C. P. Huntington and associates.

AGAINST THE SAINTS.

The Supreme Court Deals Them a Blow.

The Decision Declaring the Church's Property Escheated Sustained.

Democratic Justices Take Sides with the Mormons.

Other Interesting Rulings—A California Drummer's License Law Declared Invalid—The Kemmler Hearing.

By Telegraph to The Times.

WASHINGTON, May 19.—[By the Associated Press.] The Supreme Court of the United States today rendered an opinion of vital interest to the Mormon Church in the suit of the Church of the Latter Day Saints against the United States, which comes here on appeal from the decision of the Supreme Court of Utah in favor of the United States. The Court affirms the judgment.

The case grows out of the Edmunds anti-polygamy law which dissolved the Mormon Church corporation and escheated to the United States the real estate owned by the church. The Mormons entered suit to have the law declared unconstitutional on the ground that Congress, by ordering dissolution, assumed judicial powers; that the act of the legislative assembly of Utah incorporating the church constituted a contract which could not be impaired by Congress under its authority to repeal Territorial enactments; that the doctrine of escheat was alien to the spirit of free institutions.

On the part of the United States it was contended that Congress had authority to repeal all the Territorial enactments; that the act incorporating the church was invalid, as the attempt to establish the religion was contrary to the provisions of the Constitution; that the charter should be annulled for abuse of granted rights. As when the church corporation dissolved there was no one to whom to turn over the property, it was properly escheated to the United States.

In its opinion the Court says: The distinguishing feature of Mormonism is well known to be polygamy and the absolute ecclesiastical control of its church members. Notwithstanding all efforts to suppress this barbarous practice of polygamy, the sect perseveres, in defiance of law, of propagating and multiplying its members. The question, therefore, is whether the promotion of such an unlawful system, repugnant to our laws, is to allow beds of corruption and whether the enormous funds which have been accumulated shall be wielded for the propagation of evil and the maintenance of a system of organized rebellion against the laws of the United States. The history of the Government's dealings with Mormons is one of patience on the part of the American Government, and resistance to law and pitiless atrocities on the part of the Mormons. The contentions that polygamy is a religious belief, that the ban on its propagation is a religious belief, that it did not make it so. Society has a perfect right to prohibit offenses against the enlightened sentiment of mankind.

After an elaborate historical review of the common law, the Court says: Congress had before it a comprehensive organization wielding by its religious influence immense power in the Territory of Utah, and employing those resources in constantly attempting to oppose, subvert and thwart the legislation of Congress and of the Government of the United States. Under such circumstances we have no doubt of the right of Congress to legislate. The decree of the lower court is affirmed.

Justice Bradley delivered the opinion. Chief Justice Fuller said that he and Justices Field and Lamar were contentiously dissent. Congress unquestionably has power to suppress polygamy, and it is immaterial whether crime was committed in the name of religion; but Congress has not power to seize and confiscate the property of corporations because they may have been guilty of crime.

DRESSED-BEEF MEN WIN.

The Supreme Court rendered an opinion holding unconstitutional the law of Minnesota requiring that fresh meats sold in the State must be cut from animals slaughtered within the State and inspected twenty-four hours before slaughter. The case was brought here by the dressed-beef men, who won.

A CALIFORNIA CASE.

Justice Lamar rendered the opinion of the court in the case of J. G. McCull, Plaintiff, vs. agent of the Erie Railway in San Francisco, who was arrested and convicted under the law requiring a license for persons engaged in his line of business. The case was decided that the law was unconstitutional as an interference with interstate commerce, and an unjust discrimination against companies out of the State. The court sustained the contention and reversed the judgment of the lower court, and mandating with it directions to enter a new decree in conformity with the opinion.

Chief Justice Fuller and Justices Gray and Brewer dissented.

THE KEMMLER HEARING.

The argument in the Kemmler "electricity" case will be heard tomorrow.

Our Motto

"A dollar's worth for a dollar" is the motto of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This medicine is a highly concentrated extract of Sarsaparilla, and other well-known vegetable remedies, and is pronounced by experts the strongest and best preparation of the kind yet produced. It owes its peculiar strength and medicinal merit to the fact that it is prepared by a Combination, Preparation, and Process.

Peculiar to Itself, discovered by the proprietors of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and known to no other medicine. Its prompt action on the blood removes all impurities, and cures scurvy, salt rheum, sores, boils, pimples, all humors, and all diseases or affections arising from impure blood or low state of the system.

"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla and find it to be the best blood purifier I have ever used." Mrs. H. FIELD, Auburn, Cal.

The Best Medicine.

"I have used six bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla for indigestion, and it has done me great good. I think it is the best medicine for indigestion and dyspepsia." Mrs. N. A. LAURENDEAU, 103 North Fifth Street, San Jose, Cal.

N. B. Be sure to get only Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Sold by druggists. \$1.50 per bottle. Prepared only by C. E. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

THE RACE SEASON.

Record of Yesterday at Gravesend and Louisville.

GRAVESEND, May 19.—[By the Associated Press.] Mile—Her Highness won, Adamant second, Tulla Blackbird third. Time, 1:43. Mile—Strideway won, Madstone second, King Crab third. Time, 1:42. Five-eighths of a mile—Terrifier won, Chatham second, Francis L. Colt third. Time, 1:02.

Five-eighths of a mile—Eclipse won, Martin second, Lord Harry third. Time, 1:02.

Mile—Queens won, Monmouth second, Long Branch third. Time, 1:43. Three-quarters of a mile—Kenwood won, Tanner second, Kannon third. Time, 1:04.

LOUISVILLE, May 19.—Mile and seventy yards—Newcastle won, Polem second, Fall Mall third. Time, 1:02. Five-eighths of a mile—Katrina won, Ora second, Constellation third. Time, 1:07.

Mile and one-quarter—Riley won, Robespierre second, Bill Letcher third. Time, 2:22.

Mile—W. W. W. won, Leidenkrantz second, Ed Hopper third. Time, 1:51. Nine-sixteenths of a mile—Pennyroyal won, Running Brook second, Sanford third. Time, 1:02.

The English Grain Trade.

LONDON, May 19.—The Mark Lane Express says: The weather favors the growth of wheat, which is strong, regular and hardy. Wheat and spring corn look well. Continental advances are satisfactory. It is estimated that a little above one million quarters of English wheat of 1889 remain to be disposed of. This together with the fair quality of offerings has hardened prices. Flour was dull but firm. In consequence of a heavy import trade, imported flour and wheat reached a point or two. London holders of main crops have decidedly firm. The finest English wheat was a shilling dearer, while ordinary was unchanged. Fine Australian, best Californian and good Russian were firm. Flour was firm. American oats were 3d dearer.

Another Bucket-shop Gone.

NEW YORK, May 19.—The Public Grain and Stock Exchange (limited), said to be the largest bucket-shop in the United States, went to the wall this morning. Numerous creditors are hovering about the offices. President Platt said he thought business would be resumed very soon. The capital was \$100,000, all paid in.

Baptist Anniversaries.

CHICAGO, May 19.—Anniversary meetings of the general missionary, educational and publishing societies of the Baptist Church began here today and will continue ten days. Only routine business has been done so far.

The BEST PLACE TO BUY—

BOOTS—AND—SHOES

OF ALL STYLES IN AT THE MASSACHUSETTS

129 West First St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

FOOT NOTE—Our Motto: Reliable Goods at the Lowest Prices.

ECLECTIC BOOK STORE,

407 S. Spring St. New and Second-hand Books. GRAND PRIZE BOOK SALE! Set of 50 Books Given Away!

All standard works, comprising the masterpieces of Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Irving, Hawthorne, Emerson, Carlyle, Langens, Bolivar, Dumas, Chateaubriand, W. M. Black, George Eliot, and many others. This fine set will be given away to the first person making best guess as to the number of times the letter R will appear on first page of LOS ANGELES TIMES OF JULY 1, 1901. One guess allowed with every dollar's worth of books purchased. A second prize of 25 volumes Standard Poets will be given to the second best guesser. Books in each set are all uniformly bound in best Russian leather, full gilt backs and marbled sides and edges, and will be an ornament to any library. It is not necessary that you guess the exact number in order to take prize. The first person guessing the exact number or coming next nearest takes first prize. The second person guessing the exact number or coming next nearest takes second prize. Books now on exhibition at ECLECTIC BOOK STORE, 407 South Spring St. Call and see them, make your purchase and make your guess.

LOOK AND READ!

If You Wish to Sell or Buy Secondhand Furniture, Carpets or TRUNKS.

AUCTION.

The entire stock of Groceries & Fixtures.

PAULINE COLOM, an insolvent debtor, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20TH, at 10 o'clock, at 214 WEST FIRST ST., Consisting of Groceries and Canned Goods of every description, Fresh Fats, Large Coffer, Milk, Scales, large lot of Cans and Barley, Cigars, Tobacco, Show Cases, Crockery, etc., without reserve.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

GRAND OPENING

Joe Poheim, The Tailor,

On an immense stock of Fine Spring and Summer Suits, made to order, at moderate prices. Elegant business suits made to order. From \$10.00 to \$25.00. Stylish Pants made to order from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Fine Silk-lined Overcoats made to order. From \$25.00 to \$50.00. Fine English Walking Suits made to order. From \$30.00 to \$50.00. Fine French Pipe and Beaver Suits made to order. From \$40.00 to \$60.00. These are prices never offered before. All suits made to order, and guaranteed to fit. Perfect fit, best of trimmings and workmanship guaranteed or no sale.

JOE POHEIM, The Tailor,

141 and 143 South Spring Street, Bryson-Bonbrake block, Los Angeles.

200 Montgomery at 124 Market st., 119 and 1113 Market st., San Francisco. 603 1/2 at 6th St., Sacramento, Cal. 105 1/2 and 106 Santa Rosa st., San Jose, Cal. 323 Marlboro st., under Grand Central Hotel, Fresno, Cal. 1071 and 1028 Fourth st., San Diego, Cal. 12 Morison st., Portland, Ore.

Homoeopathic Specifics

And all other Homoeopathic Medicines, fresh and genuine, at the celebrated and only Homoeopathic Pharmacy in Los Angeles, No. 503 SOUTH SPRING STREET, near Fifth.

TENTS

AWNINGS, FLAG, TRUCK HAY AND WAGON COVERS.

A. W. SWANFIELD, 6 W. corner of Second and San Pedro streets. Telephone 136.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only reliable pill for all ailments of the bowels, such as Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc. Sold by druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by CHICHESTER & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

Hotel del Coronado.

The Next Popular EXCURSION

To that Charming Seaside Resort, the HOTEL del CORONADO

Will Leave First-street Depot, LOS ANGELES, Saturday, May 24, 1890, at 8:15 a.m., Returning Monday at 4 p.m.

ROUND-TRIP TICKETS, \$11.

This includes Board and Room at the Hotel, also entrance to the Grand Ball Saturday Evening.

SACKED CONCERT on Sunday, with free transportation from depot to hotel and return.

Tickets for sale by CHAS. T. PARBONS, Santa Fe office, 129 North Spring street, and at First-street depot.

I have looked all over the city and find that

The BEST PLACE TO BUY—

BOOTS—AND—SHOES

OF ALL STYLES IN AT THE MASSACHUSETTS

129 West First St., LOS ANGELES, CAL.

FOOT NOTE—Our Motto: Reliable Goods at the Lowest Prices.

ECLECTIC BOOK STORE,

407 S. Spring St. New and Second-hand Books. GRAND PRIZE BOOK SALE! Set of 50 Books Given Away!

All standard works, comprising the masterpieces of Dickens, Thackeray, Scott, Irving, Hawthorne, Emerson, Carlyle, Langens, Bolivar, Dumas, Chateaubriand, W. M. Black, George Eliot, and many others. This fine set will be given away to the first person making best guess as to the number of times the letter R will appear on first page of LOS ANGELES TIMES OF JULY 1, 1901. One guess allowed with every dollar's worth of books purchased. A second prize of 25 volumes Standard Poets will be given to the second best guesser. Books in each set are all uniformly bound in best Russian leather, full gilt backs and marbled sides and edges, and will be an ornament to any library. It is not necessary that you guess the exact number in order to take prize. The first person guessing the exact number or coming next nearest takes first prize. The second person guessing the exact number or coming next nearest takes second prize. Books now on exhibition at ECLECTIC BOOK STORE, 407 South Spring St. Call and see them, make your purchase and make your guess.

LOOK AND READ!

If You Wish to Sell or Buy Secondhand Furniture, Carpets or TRUNKS.

AUCTION.

The entire stock of Groceries & Fixtures.

PAULINE COLOM, an insolvent debtor, TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20TH, at 10 o'clock, at 214 WEST FIRST ST., Consisting of Groceries and Canned Goods of every description, Fresh Fats, Large Coffer, Milk, Scales, large lot of Cans and Barley, Cigars, Tobacco, Show Cases, Crockery, etc., without reserve.

THOS. B. CLARK, Auctioneer.

GRAND OPENING

Joe Poheim, The Tailor,

On an immense stock of Fine Spring and Summer Suits, made to order, at moderate prices. Elegant business suits made to order. From \$10.00 to \$25.00. Stylish Pants made to order from \$5.00 to \$10.00. Fine Silk-lined Overcoats made to order. From \$25.00 to \$50.00. Fine English Walking Suits made to order. From \$30.00 to \$50.00. Fine French Pipe and Beaver Suits made to order. From \$40.00 to \$60.00. These are prices never offered before. All suits made to order, and guaranteed to fit. Perfect fit, best of trimmings and workmanship guaranteed or no sale.

JOE POHEIM, The Tailor,

141 and 143 South Spring Street, Bryson-Bonbrake block, Los Angeles.

200 Montgomery at 124 Market st., 119 and 1113 Market st., San Francisco. 603 1/2 at 6th St., Sacramento, Cal. 105 1/2 and 106 Santa Rosa st., San Jose, Cal. 323 Marlboro st., under Grand Central Hotel, Fresno, Cal. 1071 and 1028 Fourth st., San Diego, Cal. 12 Morison st., Portland, Ore.

Homoeopathic Specifics

And all other Homoeopathic Medicines, fresh and genuine, at the celebrated and only Homoeopathic Pharmacy in Los Angeles, No. 503 SOUTH SPRING STREET, near Fifth.

TENTS

AWNINGS, FLAG, TRUCK HAY AND WAGON COVERS.

A. W. SWANFIELD, 6 W. corner of Second and San Pedro streets. Telephone 136.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS.

The only reliable pill for all ailments of the bowels, such as Constipation, Indigestion, Headache, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, etc. Sold by druggists. 25 cents per box. Prepared only by CHICHESTER & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

WE GOT THERE ALL THE SAME.

NO DISAPPOINTMENT WITH US.

We have sold more hats this week than at any previous week during the last ten years, thus showing that our city is still alive and is not going backward. We are appreciated by the public for the following reasons:

LOWEST PRICES, LARGEST STOCK, MOST CORRECT STYLES.

Underwear, Shirts, Hose, Overshirts.

WE HAVE NO EQUAL.

SEE OUR WINDOW DISPLAY FOR SPECIALS.

SIEGEL THE HATTER

And Men's Furnisher, UNDER NADEAU HOTEL.

The Coulter Dry Goods House.

Summer is upon us, and we wish the people to know we are prepared to give you genuine values in Tents, Bathing Suits and Campers' Blankets.

25 in each size, Pure Silk Parasols: 24-inch



The advantage to residents of Pasadena in buying THE TIMES consists in the fact that they not only get in the columns the news of their own city every day, but also the news of Los Angeles, of the State, the Coast, the East and the world.

The Times

BRANCH OFFICE, No. 204 E. Colorado St.

NOTE AND COMMENT.

FLITTING are now in order.

The milk shake is the lemonade's most dangerous rival.

Mr. Kinney's able talk last night won a number of converts to the Australian ballot system.

CITY CLERK CAMPBELL will hereafter conduct the affairs of the office without the aid of a deputy. This comes in the line of retrenchment, but it's rather rough on James.

The Fourth of July will be celebrated in part here by the opening of the driving park. Other exercises should be arranged of a purely patriotic character. Let some of our enterprising citizens lead off, and see to it that the day is properly recognized as the great national holiday.

WHATEVER Mr. Vandervoort may know about a railroad to the top of Wilson's Peak, he won't tell. But while he affirms nothing, he denies nothing, which fact alone furnishes food for reflection. There is a general feeling among the people here that the project will be carried out. It is to be hoped their expectations will materialize into something more tangible than the present vague rumors.

This from the San Francisco Chronicle.

World's Fair clubs should be organized in every city, town and village in the State. It is only by well-concerted action that California can hope to make a showing at Chicago which will throw the exhibits of the other States in the shade. There should be no delay in setting the ball rolling. Three years seem a long time to look ahead, but time flies as rapidly as it ever did, and unless we begin very soon we might as well abandon all idea of California distinguishing herself at the World's Fair. Congress postponed the exhibition until 1893 in order to give time to get ready, and we must take advantage of the postponement by commencing our part of the labor at once.

The Chronicle dwells at length upon the necessity of thorough local organization throughout the State, in connection with a central organization. What does Pasadena intend to do in the matter?

REVIEWS.

The Southern Hotel will close, today, for the summer.

The North Pasadena Literary Society will meet next Friday evening.

A grand mount drill of Company B was given last night at the armory.

A number of Pasadenaites will take in Shenandoah at Los Angeles this week.

A rehearsal of the Haymakers will be held this evening in the Carleton theater.

There is a fine display of old coins exhibited in a Colorado-street store.

The young people of the Presbyterian Church will give a social Thursday evening.

A regular meeting of the Marengo-avenue Chautauque Circle was held yesterday evening.

President Huntington and other Southern Pacific officials are expected to visit town today.

Supt. Brown has a small force of men at work on East Colorado street making some important repairs.

Fred Prince has been tendered a vote of thanks by the tourists who went east recently in his charge.

Capt. Drake of the Memorial day committee will arrange the order of the procession today or tomorrow.

Charles Dudley Warner and party passed through town yesterday morning on the 9:30 train, en route for Riverside.

Since the resignation of Deputy Clerk Marshall, the entire work of the department will be conducted by City Clerk Campbell.

The tennis players were out yesterday. Some of them became so interested in the game that they forgot all about the heat.

An old-fashioned spelling bee will be held in the First Congregational Church, Thursday evening. The fun will begin at 8 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Hertel and guests from San Francisco, with C. W. Bell and Mr. Fordham, picnicked Sunday in Little Santa Anita Canon.

Nearly fifty dollars were cleared at Saturday night's performance in the opera-house. It will be devoted to the organ fund of All Saints' Episcopal Church.

The cross road has made an offer for transporting the people to Mountain View Cemetery on Memorial day. The committee is holding the matter under advisement.

The Pasadena tennis club has received an invitation from the Lamanda Park school trustees, to attend the opening of the library in that place, tomorrow evening. The exercise proper and to be followed by a dance. It is likely that some of the club members will attend.

George Senter and Will Sussnerotti started yesterday morning for the former's mine located near Silver Reef, in the mining district northwest of San Bernardino. The party will drive the entire distance. They took with them a complete camping outfit and expect to remain away all summer.

The attention of the somewhat ancient person of the *tarde lunary* is called to the fact, which he has apparently overlooked, that he announced on Saturday that Rev. D. D. Hill would preach in the Presbyterian Church the following day; and when he gets through explaining that, there still remains the duty of the Kilgore barn and the c.t.s. to dilate upon. The barn-burner has the floor.

Silence is Golden.

Mr. Robert Vandervoort, one of the purchasers of the Wilson Park tract, was asked yesterday by the TIMES reporter whether any plans had as yet materialized for the construction of a railroad up the mountain. Mr. Vandervoort had nothing definite to say on the subject, but intimated that a company had not yet been organized for that purpose. The general impression throughout town is that such a road will be built some time soon.

MR. KINNEY LECTURES

On the Australian Ballot System.

OUR PRESENT SYSTEM DEFICIENT

Wealth the Standard of Success—Taxes Termed Exorbitant—The Australian System Very Strongly Urged.

Abbot Kinney lectured yesterday evening before the Nationalist club in the Universalist Church on the "Australian Ballot System." There was a good-sized audience present, and the remarks of the speaker were attentively heard.

After a few introductory remarks the speaker briefly referred to the rise and fall of nations and their corresponding needs. In the early history of this nation our present political system was adopted, in that it met the requirements of the age. Time has wrought many changes, and the system that worked so well a century ago was spoken of as now sadly deficient. Emigration, the rapid growth of great cities, and the greed of gain were referred to as some of the primary causes that necessitate the adoption of a new system. Wealth, the speaker said, is now the standard of success. The present tax system was sized up as exorbitant as illustrated by the following figures: In 16 of our largest cities during the past 16 years, the population has increased 70 per cent; the tax valuation, 137 per cent; the amount of their indebtedness, 270 per cent, while the amount of the taxation increased 363 per cent.

Various forms of political bribery and extortion were mentioned, and the pressing demand for a remedy urged. This, Mr. Kinney said, is to be found in the Australian ballot system, which he then proceeded to detail, the facts given being taken for the most part from his recent publication on this subject.

This system, in brief, provides that all ballots for State, town or city elections shall be printed and distributed by the State; that nominations for office may be made by convention of parties, as at present, or by a nominating paper, signed by one thousand voters, for State offices, and for minor offices, by a smaller number; that all names of candidates for office be printed on the same ballot. Thus all stand exactly alike before the voter, who must make his own choice between them, and make his mark opposite those he favors. The blind or illiterate may receive assistance from the election officers. A certain time before the election a printed list of the candidates and the offices for which they are named must be posted in every voting precinct, together with cards of instructions to voters.

The benefits resulting from these several provisions were explained at length, and reference was made to the success attending its adoption in this country, particularly in Massachusetts.

Mr. Kinney closed his remarks by stating that as the Australian ballot system had been practically obliterated by the State, he had written the various scale pests, so will the Australian ballot system, if adopted, do away with much of the corruption that infests our present system. The discourse was eloquent and forcible throughout.

"WHITHER ARE WE DRIFTING?"

A "Very Wicked City"—A Trombone Windfall.

The wind blew strong from the Trombone quarter yesterday. The Pasadena column, among other startling details, contained the following:

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

There appears to be a good deal of devilment going on in Pasadena of one sort or other. One would scarcely think it such a highly literary, classical, religious and morally good city. Reference is made to some of the less common to frontier towns, but which are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface. The card sharp, the libertine, the pick-pocket and hardened criminal are all there, but they are not dangerous in Pasadena, owing to the fact that they are not floating on the surface.

